

MAKING CHOICES®

Advance Care Planning Guide



Planning in Advance for Future Healthcare Choices

There's no easy way to plan for future healthcare choices. It's a process that involves thinking and talking about complex and sensitive issues. The questions that follow will help in the advance care planning process. This is a guide for your own benefit; it's not a test and there are no right or wrong answers. It does not need to be completed all at once. You may use it to share your feelings with your healthcare providers, your family and your friends. This discussion with those you love will help them make choices for you when you cannot make them yourself.

Looking back...

Who we are, what we believe and what we value are all shaped by experiences we have had. Religion, family traditions, jobs and friends affect us deeply.

Has anything happened in your past that has helped shape your feelings about medical treatment? Think about a current experience you may have had with a family member or friend who was faced with a decision about medical care near the end of life. What was positive about that experience? What do you wish would have been done differently?

Here and now...

Do you have any significant health problems now? What kinds of things bring you such joy that, should a health problem prevent you from doing them any more, life would have little meaning? What short or long-term goals do you have? How might medical treatment help you or hinder you in accomplishing those goals?

What about tomorrow?

What significant health problems do you fear may affect you in the future? How do you feel about the possibility of having to go to a nursing home? How would decisions be made if you could not make them yourself?

Who should make decisions?

An important part of planning is to consider if you could appoint someone to make your healthcare decisions if you could not make them yourself. Many people select a close family member, but you are free to pick anyone you think could best represent you. Whomever you appoint should have the following qualifications:

- Trustworthy
- Willing to accept this responsibility
- Willing to follow the values and instructions you have discussed
- Ability to make complex, difficult decisions

It is helpful-but not required-to appoint one or more alternate persons in case your first choice becomes unable or unwilling to represent you. It is best if only one person has authority at a time, but you can instruct your representatives to discuss decisions together if time permits.

Do you have any significant health problems? What health problems do you fear in the future?
Consider what frightens you most about medical treatment.
What role does religion, faith, or spirituality play in how you live your life?
Write down names of people that you could appoint, commonly referred to as a healthcare agent, that could carry out your healthcare decisions if you could not make them for yourself.
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In terms of future medical care, under what circumstances would you want the goals of medical treatment to switch from attempting to prolong life, to focusing on comfort? Describe these circumstances in as much detail as possible.
Ask yourselfwhat will most help me live well at this point in my life?
These are things I need to tell my loved ones:



What future decisions need to be considered?

Providing instructions for future healthcare decisions may seem like an impossible task. How can anyone plan for all the possibilities? You cannot...but you do not have to.

You need to plan for situations where:

- You become unexpectedly incapable of making your own decisions
- It is clear you will have little or no recovery

Such a situation might arise because of an injury to the brain from an accident, a stroke, or a slowly progressive disease like Alzheimer's.

To plan for this type of situation, many people state: "If I'm going to be a vegetable, let me go." They may also state: "Don't keep me alive on machines." While these remarks are a beginning, they simply are too vague to guide decision-making.

You need to completely describe under what circumstances your goals for medical care should be changed from attempting to prolong life to being allowed to die. In some situations, certain treatments may not make sense because they will not help, but other treatments will be of important benefit. Consider these three questions:

- When would it make sense to continue certain treatments in an effort to prolong life and seek recovery?
- When would it make sense to stop or withhold certain treatments and accept death when it comes?
- Under any circumstance, what kind of comfort care would you want, including medication, spiritual, and environmental options?

Making these choices requires understanding the information, weighing the benefits and burdens from your perspective, and then discussing your choices with those closest to you.

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What is your idea of comfort care? Describe how you would want medications to be used to provide comfort. What type of spiritual care would you want?
I need to learn more about:
I need to ask my healthcare provider:

What's next?

Help ensure your choices are respected:

- Talk about your choices with your healthcare providers and loved ones
- Put your choices in writing. Simply complete the Communicating Your Choices booklet or download forms on our website: www.northtexasrespectingchoices.com
- Contact us to learn more



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